



Emergency Management

QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Provided by:

Manatee County Emergency Management

Revised May 2016

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QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Manatee County Emergency Management
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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this handbook is to lend guidance to those having responsibility for the safety of our community during a disaster. The County is vulnerable to many hazards, ranging from hurricanes and wildfires to terrorism incidents. All situations cannot be neatly defined by categories for which hard and fast guidelines can be drawn. Regardless of the hazard, many of the consequences of a disaster are the same. For example, an evacuation may be required because of a hurricane, wildfire, chemical spill or terrorist threat. Rather than planning for each hazard individually, The County Emergency Management Division, State of Florida and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) use an all-hazard approach to emergency planning based on the five phases of emergency management.

Emergency Management

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graph TD; A[Emergency Management] --- B[Prevention]; A --- C[Preparedness]; A --- D[Mitigation]; A --- E[Response]; A --- F[Recovery];
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Prevention

Preparedness

Mitigation

Response

Recovery

LAWS & AUTHORITY

Stafford Act

The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, Public Law 93-288, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq., is designed to provide a means by which the federal government may supplement state and local resources in major disasters or emergencies where those state and local resources have been or will be overwhelmed. The Act provides separate but similar mechanisms for declaration of a major disaster and declaration of an emergency which must be triggered by a request to the President from the Governor of the affected state.

Florida Statute 252

FS 252 provides the legal authorities for the emergency management operations and programs.

DEFINITIONS

“Emergency” means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural, technological, or manmade, in war or in peace, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the population or substantial damage to or loss of property. Chapter 252.34 (3), Florida Statutes (2015).

“Disaster” means any natural, technological, or civil emergency that causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to result in a declaration of a state of emergency by a county, the Governor, or the

President of the United States. Chapter 252.34 (1), Florida Statutes (2015).

Disasters are identified by the severity of resulting damage, as follows:

“Minor disaster” means a disaster that is likely to be within the response capabilities of local government and to result in only a minimal need for state or federal assistance. Chapter 252.34 (1.c), Florida Statutes (2015).

“Major disaster” means a disaster that will likely exceed local capabilities and require a broad range of state and federal assistance. Chapter 252.34 (1.b), Florida Statutes (2015).

“Catastrophic disaster” means a disaster that will require massive state and federal assistance, including immediate military involvement. Chapter 252.34 (1.a), Florida Statutes (2015).

MANATEE COUNTY ORDINANCE 05-29

The ordinance establishes disaster emergency management powers of the Manatee County Board of County Commissioners, Director of Public Safety, and the Emergency Management Chief for Manatee County that are in concert with Florida Statute 252. It provides for a declaration of policy, providing for severability, prohibitive activities, exemptions and authority for the adoption of emergency orders, resolutions and rules that may have the force and effect of law.

COMPREHENSIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN

The **Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP)** is revised every four years as required by Chapter 252, Florida Statutes and adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, establishes a framework within the five phases of the Emergency Management cycle to include Prevention, Preparedness, Mitigation, Response, and Recovery. The CEMP:

- A. Defines the functional roles and responsibilities of each entity that partners in Manatee County's disaster organization;
- B. Provides a comprehensive approach to reducing the effects of disasters on its population and physical environment;
- C. Provides guidance to local officials on procedures, organization and responsibilities for an integrated and coordinated local, State and Federal response;
- D. Parallels Federal activities set forth in the National Response Framework that detail operating principles and protocols in applying federal support to incidents of "national significance";
- E. Is in compliance with the criteria issued for CEMP revisions by the State of Florida Division of Emergency Management, and:
- F. Addresses National Incident Management System (NIMS) Compliance.

PREVENTION

Actions to avoid an incident or to intervene to stop an incident from occurring. Prevention occurs when property and lives are protected by those that identify, deter or stop an incident from occurring. Activities that may include these types of countermeasures can include:

- Heightened inspections
- Improved surveillance and security operations
- Enhanced communications and information dissemination across disciplines
- Investigations to determine the full nature and source of the threat
- Public health surveillance and testing processes
- Immunizations
- Isolation or quarantine
- Law enforcement operations aimed at deterring, preempting, interdicting, or disrupting illegal activity

PREPAREDNESS

1. Are you prepared? If not, go to www.mymanatee.org/emergency and get a plan.
2. Know the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan and your role before the disaster occurs. Work with emergency management to learn the community's emergency plan and take an active role in training and exercising the plan.
3. Understand the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and the Incident Command System (ICS). FEMA recommends that elected officials take:
 - ICS-402: ICS Overview for Executives/Senior Officials (classroom course)
 - IS-100.b: Introduction to ICS; and
 - IS-200.b: ICS for Single Resources and Initial Action Incidents
 - IS-700.a: NIMS: An Introduction; and
 - IS-800.b: National Response Framework, An IntroductionThe IS courses are available online at: <http://training.fema.gov/IS/NIMS.asp>.
4. Understand the possibility for financial liability. You may not be reimbursed for all purchases following a declared disaster. Keep in mind that your jurisdiction could be fully responsible for purchases during a response to a disaster.

FLORIDA SPECIAL NEEDS REGISTRY:

In accordance with Florida Statute 252.355, the **Florida Special Needs Registry** is designed to support individuals needing assistance with transportation, evacuation, and/or sheltering.

Manatee County Emergency Management coordinates the client application process and the registry of client information. The Florida Department of Health in Manatee County reviews the applications and evaluates the medical needs to determine if they qualify for a Special Needs Shelter or a general population shelter. Manatee County Area Transit provides handy bus service to those who need transportation assistance to the appropriate shelter.

Registration is available at:
<https://snr.floridadisaster.org/>

RESPONSE

Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Activation Levels

Level 3 – Monitoring

This is a normal daily activity. The Emergency Management Division and Emergency Communications Center monitors incidents which may escalate and threaten public safety.

Level 2 – Partial Activation

This may be implemented by the County Administrator, Public Safety Director or Emergency Management Chief. Only those Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) impacted or necessary to support the event will be called into the EOC.

Level 1 – Full Activation

This may be implemented by the County Administrator, Public Safety Director or Emergency Management Chief. All Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) and liaisons will be called in to support the EOC. The Board of County Commissioners may convene an emergency meeting to declare a State of Local Emergency.

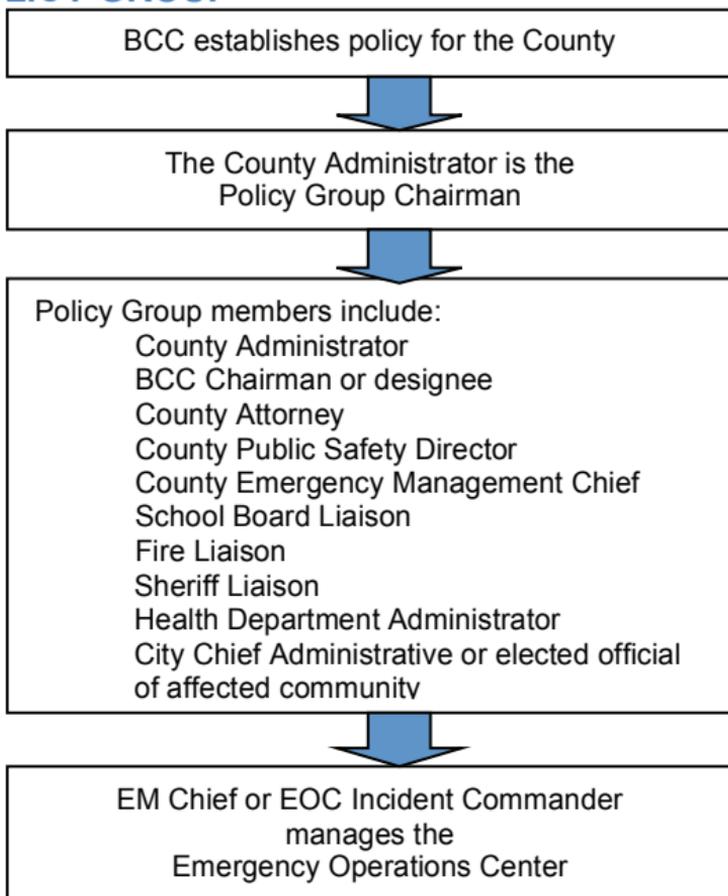
EOC PRIORITY ACTIONS

- 1. Life Safety**
- 2. Incident Stabilization**
- 3. Protection of the Environment**
- 4. Establish communication with impacted areas**
- 5. Search and rescue / Security**
- 6. Meet basic human needs (medical, water, food, shelter, emergency fuel – in that order)**
- 7. Restore critical infrastructure**
- 8. Open schools and local businesses**
- 9. Begin the recovery process**

DISASTER DECLARATION PROCESS

Our Board of County Commissioners (BCC) is responsible for coordinating the development of policies and other executing powers. The BCC has the authority to declare emergencies. If a quorum of the board is not available, the authority has been delegated to the Chairman or Vice Chairman, followed by the County Administrator who may issue a Declaration of a State of Local Emergency.

POLICY GROUP



SENIOR OPERATIONS GROUP

The Senior Operations Group is called together as needed by the Emergency Management Chief or EOC Incident Commander for the purposes of having operational stakeholder discussions regarding an event or activity.

Agencies liaisons members include:

- Emergency Management**
- County Administration**
- Longboat Key Public Works**
- Bradenton Beach Police Department**
- Holmes Beach Police Department**
- Anna Maria Liaison**
- Palmetto Liaison**
- Bradenton Fire Rescue**
- Lakewood Ranch Liaison**
- Health Department Administration**
- School Board Liaison**
- American Red Cross**
- ESF 16 Law Enforcement Lead**
- MC Fire Chiefs' Association Liaison**
- Other county emergency management agencies as needed**

EMERGENCY CLOSING OF SCHOOLS

Residents in Florida know the dangers of inclement weather, especially during the hurricane season. While very infrequent, there may be times when our schools may have to close to protect students and be reopened as emergency shelters for the community. The decision to close schools is made by the Superintendent in consultation with their staff and the EOC.

EVACUATIONS

There are several emergency situations, which could require evacuations:

- Localized area evacuations might be needed as a result of flash floods, hazardous material accidents, major fire, or a transportation accident.
- Large scale evacuation could be required in the event of a natural disaster such as a hurricane.

In addition, the timing, duration and management of vulnerable population are critical to the planning for an evacuation. This plan is designed to facilitate the evacuation process regardless of the cause of the evacuation.

FIRST IN TEAM

Seven teams deploy to various hardened facilities pre-storm. They have predetermined routes to effectively assess and clear main thoroughfares throughout the County to support the Response and Recovery phases. These multidisciplinary teams of

fire, EMS, law enforcement, utilities, public works, building officials and others will be the first to enter into an area that has been subjected to the impact of the hurricane or other major event for the purposes of:

- Conducting preliminary impact assessments;
- Clearing routes to critical facilities; and
- Engaging in roadway clearance for critical resource access.

RE-ENTRY PLAN

The Re-entry Plan is managed by ESF 16, Law Enforcement.

The stoplight concept is used to describe the three levels of re-entry:

(RED) Closed: This level allows for the re-entry of agencies and groups that play key roles in restoring normal operations after a disaster. They include the following: Law Enforcement, Fire Rescue Districts, EMS, Utilities, Florida Power & Light and other restoration organizations and agencies.

(YELLOW) Limited: This level allows for the re-entry of other critical groups, residents and businesses. Re-entry is based on the determination of the County EOC or municipality and public safety personnel.

(GREEN) Open: This level allows for re-entry of those wishing to gain access with limited restriction. Within the area affected, certain streets or locations may still be “Closed”. There may be additional law

enforcement patrols or other activities to protect life and property.

IDENTIFICATION

Identification procedures are intended to provide uniform guidance to law enforcement personnel who are directing access to disaster-impacted communities. Municipalities may enforce their own identification procedures.

Residents will need to show a current driver's license or Florida identification card and/or one of the following with photo identification:

- Utility bill
- Mortgage deed
- Property tax document
- Vehicle registration
- Voter registration

Business owners will need to show a driver's license or Florida identification card and document(s) showing ownership or rental of business.

Employees of businesses will need to show a driver's license or Florida identification card and one of the following: Business photo identification, recent business pay stub, recent letter from business owner on business letter head, other forms of identification may be accepted at the discretion of law enforcement.

Vendor of business will need to show a bill of lading, packing order, manifest, or other documents identifying what and to whom.

RECOVERY

The recovery plans are frameworks for local government to work with federal and state government, and other public and private organizations to restore public and social services following a disaster. The plans outline process for assessing the need for and administration of local, state and federal disaster assistance beginning with damage assessment, individual assistance, public assistance, debris management and temporary housing to name a few.

DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

Manatee County's damage assessment program is supported by the County Building and Development Services, Code Enforcement, Property Appraiser, municipal building officials and the American Red Cross. Immediately following an EOC activation, an initial damage assessment is completed to support efficient direction of resources. The process includes the assessment for both human needs and damage assessment to property, business and public infrastructures. The summary of the initial damage assessment is shared with elected officials, the State of Florida Division of Emergency Management and FEMA when necessary to support federal disaster assistance.

INDIVIDUAL ASSISTANCE (IA)

If Manatee County is included in the Presidential Declaration, disaster workers may arrive and set up a Joint Field Office to coordinate the recovery effort.

Disaster Recovery Centers (DRC) are where disaster survivors can meet with program representatives and obtain information and start the recovery process. If a Presidential disaster declaration is not received, state officials may choose to set up **Essential Services Center (ESC)**, which are similar to a DRC but without the federal government programs.

There are two types of federal individual assistance:

Housing Assistance – Assistance to rent a place to live or government provided housing units when rental properties are not available.

Other Assistance – Assistance with expenses and serious needs caused by a disaster, including personal property, medical and general expenses.

Eligibility: To be eligible for IA, there are a number of criteria requirements. Information on qualification for disaster assistance can be found at:
<https://www.fema.gov/do-i-qualify-assistance>.

The first step requires registering with FEMA:

- 1-800-621-FEMA (3362)
- TTY 1-800-462-7585
- www.DisasterAssistance.gov

Applicants will receive a Small Business Administration (SBA) Loan Application that will serve as a FEMA Assistance Application. It is critical that the application be completed in full and submitted to FEMA. Disaster Recovery Centers will have recovery specialist available to answer questions and share information.

Federal assistance may take place after private insurance coverage.

There are a variety of assistance programs available depending on the type and severity of the disaster. Please visit www.fema.gov for more information.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE (PA)

The Federal Public Assistance Program provides grants to state, local, and federally recognized tribal governments and certain private non-profit (PNP) entities to assist them with the response to and recovery from disasters. Eligible PNPs include educational, utility, emergency, medical, temporary or permanent custodial care facilities, irrigation, museums, zoos, community centers, libraries, homeless shelters, senior citizen centers, rehabilitation facilities, shelter workshops and health and safety services that provide essential services of

a governmental nature to the general public. PNPs that provide "critical services" (power, water - including water provided by an irrigation organization or facility, sewer, wastewater treatment, communications and emergency medical care) may apply directly to FEMA for a disaster grant. Specifically, the program provides assistance for debris removal, emergency protective measures, and permanent restoration of infrastructure.

Local officials can assist in establishing a more efficient and effective PA recovery by:

1. Designating at least three (3) liaisons to attend the Applicant Briefing including:
 - a. An elected official;
 - b. An accounting department liaison;
 - c. A public works and/or others;
2. Becoming familiar with the FEMA PA process and their forms;
3. Evaluating that municipal facilities are adequately covered by the jurisdiction's insurance policy;
4. Participating in the Local Mitigation Strategy Committee to evaluate hazard mitigation opportunities.

To facilitate the processing of Public Assistance, FEMA has divided disaster related work into seven categories:

Emergency Work

Category A: Debris Removal

Clearance of trees and woody debris; building wreckage; sand, mud, silt, and gravel; vehicles; and other disaster-related material deposited on public and, in very limited cases, private property.

Category B: Emergency Protective Measures

Measures taken before, during, and after a disaster to save lives, protect public health and safety, and protect improved public and private property.

Permanent Work

Category C: Roads & Bridges

Repair of roads, bridges, and associated features, such as shoulders, ditches, culverts, lighting and signs.

Category D: Water Control Facilities

Repair of irrigation systems, drainage channels, and pumping facilities. Repair of levees, dams, and flood control channels fall under Category D, but the eligibility of these facilities is restricted.

Category E: Building & Equipment

Repair or replacement of buildings, including their contents and systems; heavy equipment; and vehicles.

Category F: Utilities

Repair of water treatment and delivery systems; power generation facilities and distribution lines; and sewage collection and treatment facilities.

Category G: Parks, Recreational Facilities, and Other Items

Repair and restoration of parks, playgrounds, pools, cemeteries, and beaches. This category also is used for any work or facility that cannot be characterized adequately by Categories A-F.

MITIGATION

Mitigation encompasses different activities that prevent a disaster, reduce the chance of a disaster happening, or reduce the damaging effects of unavoidable disasters.

FIRST: Understand the economic importance of mitigation. Mitigation creates safer communities by reducing loss of life and property damage. A recent study by the State's Multi-hazard Mitigation Council shows that each dollar spent on mitigation saves an average of four dollars.

SECOND: Know the various mitigation programs that are available to your community. All proposed projects must be coordinated with the Local Mitigation Strategy Committee for funding consideration.

LOCAL MITIGATION STRATEGY (LMS)

The **Local Mitigation Strategy (LMS)** is a community wide plan bringing neighborhoods, businesses and municipalities together with a common goal that promotes hazard mitigation and community resiliency. The LMS was developed and adopted by all participating Manatee County Governments. The Florida Division of Emergency Management (FDEM) reviews and approves the LMS. The County Building and Development Services Department manages this program. LMS deals with all hazards to which a community might be vulnerable, including natural, technological, and man-made hazards. The Strategy promotes being proactive, rather than reactive by identifying mitigation initiatives and locating funding sources that will lessen a disaster impact, reduce the cost of a disaster, mitigate repetitive losses on our community and minimize the disruption to our economy. All jurisdictions, special districts and non-profits are participatory members in the process.

POST DISASTER REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

The **Post Disaster Redevelopment Plan** is a blueprint of goals and guiding principles for Manatee County in implementing a successful recovery and redevelopment strategy after a disaster has impacted our community. The seven priority goals listed below are not hierarchical, but support the findings of the

Capacity Assessment and Vulnerability Assessment conducted by the multi-jurisdictional PDRP Taskforce.

Goal 1: Restoration of Historical and Cultural Assets

Comprehensive approach to maintain as many historic and cultural resources as possible

Goal 2: Restoration of Community Health

Inter-agency group to identify / assess / share information / coordinate public health issues

Goal 3: Restoration of Social Services

Inter-agency group to identify / assess / share information / coordinate social service issues

Goal 4: Restoration of the Natural Environment

Comprehensive approach to restore / improve the natural environment

Goal 5: Restoration of Critical Infrastructure and Schools

Prioritization of infrastructure, services and schools

Goal 6: Restoration of Government Operations

As needs and revenue change over time – review criteria of what governmental operations will cease or be reduced and then return – Consider possible municipal insolvency

Goal 7: Restoration of the Economy

Actions needed to speed economic recovery

Goal 8: Restoration of Housing

Actions needed to speed repair / rehabilitation / replacement of the housing stock

The purpose of the goals and guiding principles are to establish the primary objectives of the County in a post disaster environment and to identify the existing policies and procedures of Manatee County that will be implemented during the disaster recovery period. Any goals, policies and procedures that do not currently exist but are necessary for implementation of recovery will be included for the recovery in future post disaster environments.

Manatee County Building and Development Services Department manages this program.

TERRORISM

A Terrorism Plan and an Escalation Plan have been written into the CEMP. Law Enforcement is the lead agency. It provides specific related guidance and information associated with security. This portion of the document is for limited distribution and protected under Florida Statute 119.

The Plans follow the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, National Terrorism Advisory System (NTAS). The NTAS Alerts effectively communicate information about terrorism threats by providing timely, detailed information to the public, government agencies, first responders, airports and other transportation hubs and the private sector.

- See Something - Say Something. Call local law enforcement, then Florida's toll-free hotline 1-855-352-7233 (1-855-FLA-SAFE) to report any suspicious activity. If it is an emergency, CALL 911!

Imminent Threat Alert

Warns of a credible, specific, and impending terrorist threat against the United States.

Elevated Threat Alert

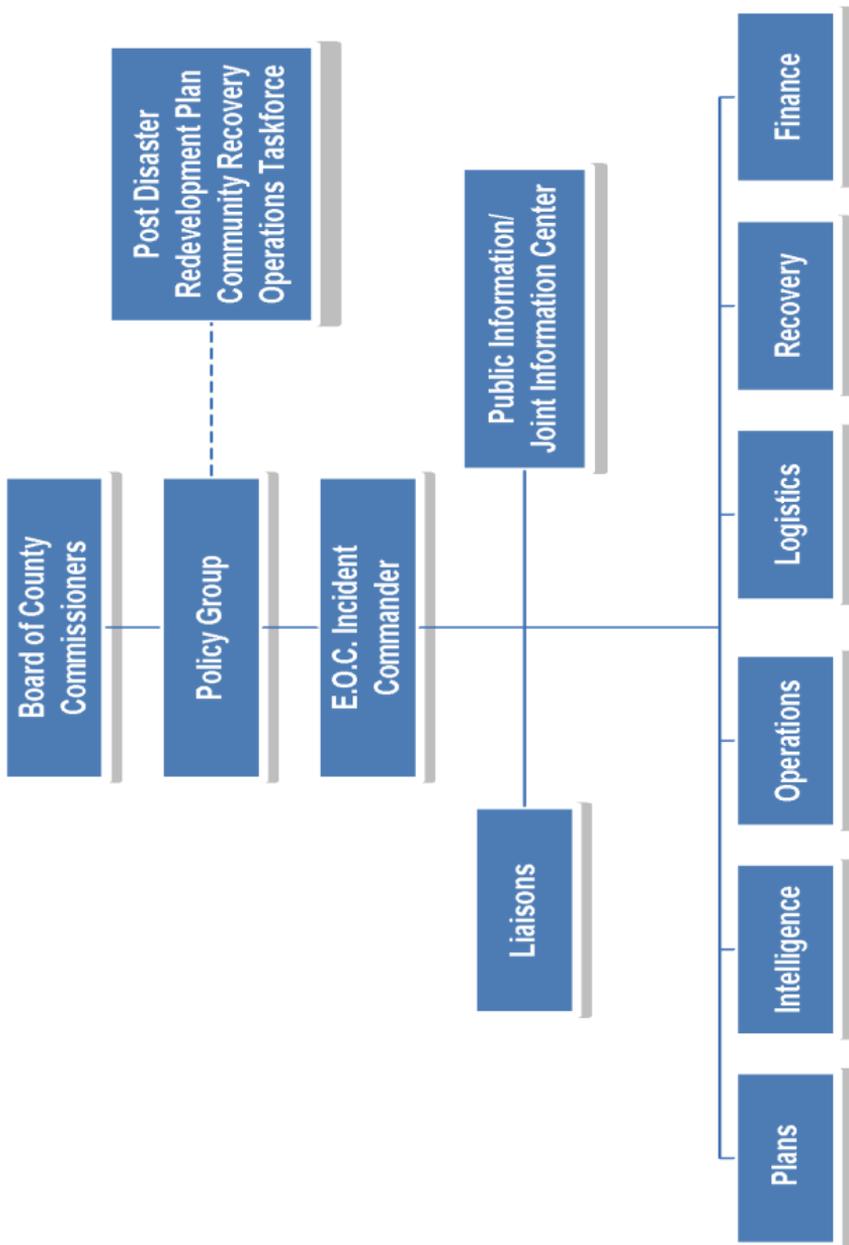
Warns of a credible terrorist threat against the United States.

EMERGENCY SUPPORT FUNCTIONS

Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) and their local lead agency.

ESF 1	Transportation	Public Works Department
ESF 2	Communications	Emergency Communications Center (ECC)
ESF 3	Utilities	Utilities Department
ESF 4	Fire Rescue	Manatee County Fire Chiefs' Association
ESF 5	Planning	Emergency Management Division
ESF 6	Mass Care	American Red Cross (ARC)
ESF 7	Resources	Purchasing Division
ESF 8	Health & Medical	Florida Department of Health in Manatee County
ESF 9	Search & Rescue	Manatee County Fire Chiefs' Association
ESF 10	Hazardous Materials	Manatee County Fire Chiefs' Association
ESF 11	Food & Water	Emergency Management Division
ESF 12	Energy	Florida Power and Light
ESF 13	Military Support	Coast Guard & National Guard
ESF 14	Public Information	Information Outreach Division
ESF 15	Volunteers & Donations	Neighborhood Services & Network of Hope
ESF 16	Law Enforcement	Manatee County Sheriff's Office
ESF 17	Animal Services	Animal Services Division
ESF 18	Business & Industry	Economic Development Division

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



TROPICAL WEATHER

SAFFIR-SIMPSON HURRICANE WIND SCALE

Category	Wind Speed (MPH)
Category 1	74 to 95
Category 2	96 to 110
Category 3	111 to 129
Category 4	130 to 156
Category 5	157 and over

Tropical Storm or Hurricane Warning:

Issued 36 hours in advance of the anticipated onset of winds

Tropical Storm or Hurricane Watch:

Issued 48 hours in advance of the anticipated onset of winds

EVACUATION ZONES

Potential Storm
Tide Heights (FT)

	Zone A Evacuate <u>RED</u> areas and all manufactured home residents	To 6'
	Zone B Evacuate <u>RED</u> and <u>ORANGE</u> areas and all manufactured home residents.	To 12'
	Zone C Evacuate <u>RED</u> , <u>ORANGE</u> and <u>YELLOW</u> areas and all manufactured home residents.	To 16'
	Zone D Evacuate <u>RED</u> , <u>ORANGE</u> , <u>YELLOW</u> and <u>GREEN</u> areas and all manufactured home residents.	To 22'
	Zone E Evacuate <u>RED</u> , <u>ORANGE</u> , <u>YELLOW</u> , <u>GREEN</u> and <u>PURPLE</u> areas and all manufactured home residents.	To 28'

SHELTERS AND TIMING

Population by Evacuation Level, Operational Planning

A	B	C	D	E
82,208	101,926	140,629	196,880	252,321

Public Shelter Demand for Hurricane Evacuation Operational Planning

A	B	C	D	E	Capacity
6,825	8,780	11,526	16,558	20,389	26,760

In-County Clearance Times *

A	B	C	D	E
11.0	14.0	20.0	33.5	73.5

Out of County Clearance Times **

A	B	C	D	E
11.0	14.0	20.0	33	75

Source: Tampa Bay Regional Evacuation Study Program, 2015

*In-County Clearance Time: The time required from the point an evacuation order is given until the last evacuee can either leave the evacuation zone or arrive at safe shelter within the County. This does not include those evacuees leaving the County, on their own.

**Out of County Clearance Time: The time necessary to safely evacuate vulnerable residents and visitors to a "point of safety" within the county based on a specific hazard, behavioral assumptions and evacuation scenario.

Calculated from the point an evacuation order is given to the point in time when the last vehicle assigned an external destination exits the county.

TORNADOS

Enhanced Fujita Scale (EF Scale)

EF Scale	Wind Speed in MPH	Expected Damage
EF-0	65 - 85	'Minor' damage: shingles blown off or parts of a roof peeled off, damage to gutter/siding, branches broken off trees, shallow rooted trees toppled
EF-1	86 - 110	'Moderate' damage: more significant roof damage, windows broken, exterior doors damaged or lost, mobile homes overturned or badly damaged.
EF-2	111 - 135	'Considerable' damage: roofs torn off well-constructed homes, homes shifted off their foundation, mobile homes completely destroyed, large trees snapped or uprooted, cars can be tossed.

TORNADOS

Enhanced Fujita Scale (EF Scale)

EF Scale	Wind Speed in MPH	Expected Damage
EF-3	136 - 165	'Severe' damage: entire stories of well-constructed homes destroyed, significant damage done to large buildings, homes with weak foundations can be blown away, trees begin to lose their bark.
EF-4	166 – 200	'Extreme' damage: well-constructed homes are leveled, cars thrown significant distances, top story exterior walls of masonry buildings would likely collapse.
EF-5	200 +	'Massive/incredible' damage: Well-constructed homes are swept away, steel-reinforced concrete structures are critically damaged, high-rise buildings sustain severe structural damage, trees are usually completely debarked, stripped of branches and snapped.

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IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS

American Red Cross	941-792-8686
Anna Maria City Hall	941-708-6130
Blake Medical Center	941-792-6611
Bradenton City Hall	941-932-9400
Bradenton Beach City Hall	941-778-1005
Centerstone of Florida	941-782-4150
CHEMTREC	800-424-9300
Citizens Information Center	941-749-3500
District 12 Medical Examiner	941-361-6909
Emergency Management	941-749-3500
Florida Highway Patrol	941-751-7647
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission	888-404-3922
Florida Department of Health in Manatee County	941-748-0747
Florida Department of Transportation Central Office	866-374-3368
Florida Department of Transportation District #1	800-292-3368
Florida Power and Light	800-226-3545
GulfStream Natural Gas System L.L.C. (Gas Control-Houston)	800-440-8475
GulfStream Natural Gas System (Palmetto, FL)	941-723-7100
Holmes Beach City Hall	941-708-5800
Lakewood Ranch Medical Center	941-782-2100
Lakewood Ranch Town Hall	941-907-0202

Longboat Key Town Hall	941-316-1999
Manatee County Animal Services	941-742-5933
Manatee Community Blood Center	941-746-7195
Manatee County Board of County Commissioners	941-745-3700
Manatee County Public Works	941-708-7450
Manatee County Utilities	941-792-8811
Manatee Memorial Hospital	941-746-5111
Manatee Sheriff's Office	941-747-3011
Palmetto City Hall	941-723-4570
Peace River Electric Cooperative	800-282-3824
Port Manatee	941-722-6621
Salvation Army	941-748-5110
Sarasota/Bradenton International Airport (Information)	941-359-5200
United States Coast Guard	941-795-2805

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IMPORTANT WEBSITES

Centers for Disease Control:

www.cdc.gov

FEMA (PDA Information, Individual Assistance and Public Assistance):

www.fema.gov

FEMA Training:

<http://www.training.fema.gov>

Florida Division of Emergency Management:

www.FloridaDisaster.org

Intergovernmental Relations Team:

www.FloridaDisaster.org/IRT

Local Mitigation Strategy Information:

www.FloridaDisaster.org/Mitigation/local.index.htm

Mitigation

www.FloridaDisaster.org/Mitigation/index.htm

State Public Assistance:

www.FloridaPA.org

Manatee County Government:

www.mymanatee.org

Manatee County Emergency Management:
www.mymanatee.org/emergency

Florida Department Health in Manatee County:
www.doh.state.fl.us/chdmanatee/index.htm

Manatee County Sheriff's Office:
<http://www.manateesheriff.com>

National Hurricane Center:
www.nhc.noaa.gov

National Weather Service Tampa Bay Area:
<http://www.srh.noaa.gov/tbw>

U.S. Department of Agriculture Declarations:
www.usda.gov/wps/portal/usdahome?navtype=MS&navid=SAFETY

U.S. Small Business Administration:
www.sba.gov/content/disaster-assistance

ACRONYMS

DRC	Disaster Recovery Center
EMAC	Emergency Management Assistance Compact
ESC	Essential Services Center
ESF	Emergency Support Function
EO	Executive Order
EOC	Emergency Operations Center
FDEM	Florida Division of Emergency Management
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
ICS	Incident Command System
IDA	Initial Damage Assessment
IA	Individual Assistance
IAP	Incident Action Plan
IRT	Intergovernmental Relations team
NIMS	National Incident Management System
PA	Public Assistance
PDA	Preliminary Damage Assessment
POD	Point of Distribution
SBA	Small Business Administration
SERT	State Emergency Response Team
SLRC	State Logistics Response Center
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture



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<https://twitter.com/MCGPublicSafety>

(941) 749-3500

**2101 47th Terrace East
Bradenton, FL 34203**